

Tax Compliance: Navigating Payroll, Energy Credits, and IRS Initiatives

Barb McGuan | Joe Byrne



Presenters



Barb McGuan
Principal | CPA



Joe ByrneSenior Manager | CPA



Learning objectives

After this presentation you will have a better understanding of compliance issues related to:

- Tax Complexities related to Payroll
- Energy Credits and Incentives
- IRS Initiatives



1

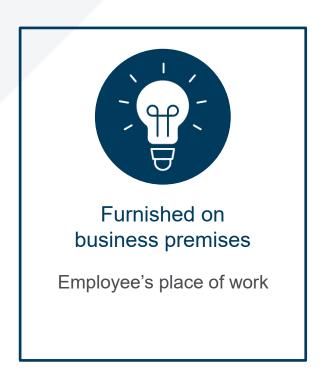
Current Tax Complexities Related to Payroll



Creative Housing Solutions for Employees

Is the housing taxable to the employee?

Nontaxable housing must meet all three of the following:









Note: Different tests may apply to educational institutions



Creative Housing Solutions for Employees

- Cash allowances for housing always taxable
- ▲ Taxable housing include FMV as wages
 - Special noncash benefit reporting rules for withholding taxes
 - FMV determination work with local realtor or leasing professional
- Intermediate sanctions possible
 - Directors, CEO, COO, CFO as well as their family members
 - FMV determination properly documented
 - Overall compensation package reasonable, including this perk
 - Must be properly reported on 990 and taxed if applicable

Creative Housing Solutions for Employees

Temporary Worksites



One year or less away from tax home

Nontaxable expense reimbursement



Travel Expenses



residence and your main place of business ("tax home") are considered commuting expenses and are taxable income if reimbursed.

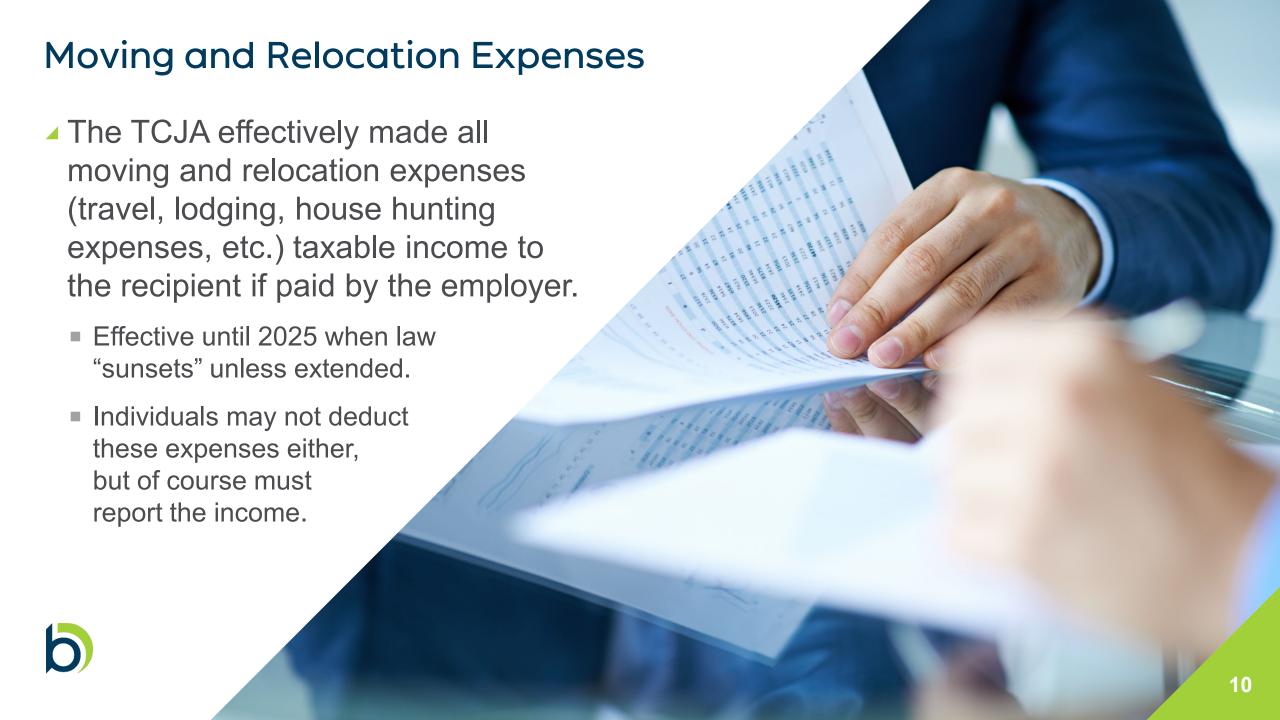
Establishment of tax home essential – see IRS Pub. 463



residence and a temporary worksite other than your tax home can be reimbursed and are not considered taxable income if reimbursed.

Subject to accountable plan rules (providing receipts, expense report, etc.)





Hiring Employees to Work Remotely in Another State

Factors to consider may include:

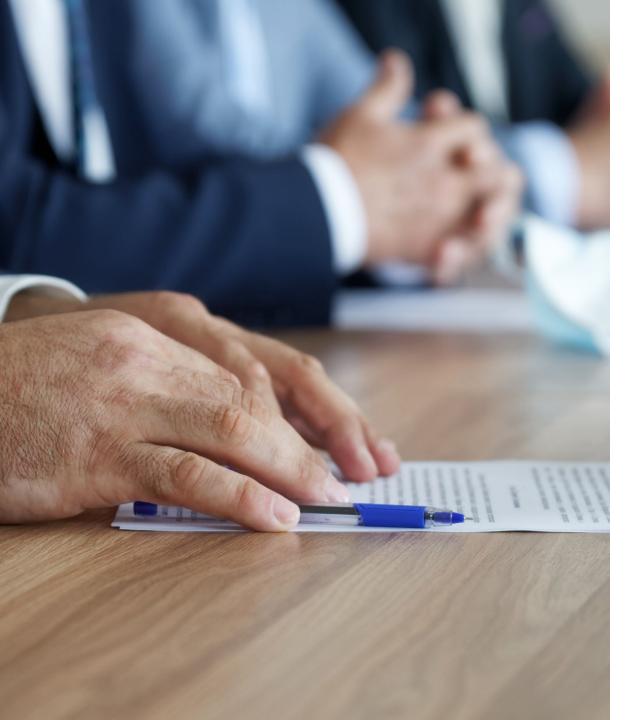
1	Recruitment and retention of employees
2	Regulatory compliance in other state(s)
3	Roles and responsibilities of employees
4	Permanent vs. temporary



Remote Employees

- Usually withholding depends on location of where the work is performed, rather than where the employer is located
- Variations:
 - Threshold requirements
 - Day count
 - Income earned
 - Convenience of the employer
 - Reciprocity
 - Residency in more than one state





Issues Requiring Attention for Remote Employees in Another State

- Payroll tax withholdings, state and local
- Unemployment insurance
- Sales and use taxes
- AG charity oversite and filings
- ▲ Franchise or business privilege taxes
- Secretary of State annual filings
- ▲ Tax exempt status recognition

Additional Considerations

3 Paid family leave and Disability benefits Minimum wage and Workers' overtime pay, meal paid sick leave compensation breaks 6 Healthcare plans and Antidiscrimination **OSHA** reporting other benefits laws and equal pay coverage



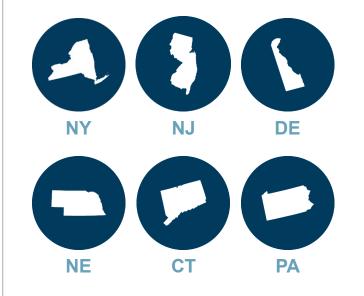
Remote Employees







States that base tax on where employer is located







Best Practice

Create a policy – we recommend clients consider the following:

- Identify and compile the various state/local employment and tax law rules
- Quantify the potential financial and administrative costs
- ▲ Evaluate: does attracting the best and brightest, regardless of location, outweigh the additional tax, administrative cost, and risk of tax assessment (including interest and penalties) for failing to properly comply?
- Craft and communicate the policy, working with an employment attorney





Wage Transparency Laws

- ▲ Requirements to share pay scales (salary ranges) in job postings as well as benefits. Prohibit asking for salary history.
- ▲ Intent is to:
 - Close gender pay gap
 - Reduce discrimination
 - Promote fairer compensation practices
- States with transparency laws:
 - CA, CO, CT, MD, NV, NY, RI, WA
 - Most laws apply to remote positions as well
 - Certain cities in OH, NJ, NY have similar laws



2

Energy Credits and Incentives

Energy Efficiency Incentives

- Renew America's Nonprofits:
 - https://www.energy.gov/articles/biden-harris-administrationannounces-45-million-improve-energy-efficiency-nonprofit
 - Grants up to \$200,000 for installation of energy efficient materials in buildings owned and operated by a 501(c)(3)
- Conservation activity direct funding
- Extended Section 179D Deduction
 - Energy efficient commercial buildings deduction
 - Tax years beginning after 12/31/22



Energy Tax Credits

Direct payment option

Clean Vehicle Credits 30C, 45W

Investment Tax Credits 48, 48C, 48E

Production Tax Credits 45, 45Q,U,V, X-Z



Energy Tax Credits – Watch Dates

Direct payment option - tax years beginning after 12/31/22

Clean Vehicle Credits 1/1/23 – 12/31/32

Investment Tax
Credits
Begin by 12/31/24

Production Tax
Credits
After 12/31/22





IRS Initiatives



IRS Compliance Strategies

- ▲ Improper filing of 990-N
 - \$50k limit, supporting orgs, conducting charitable activities?
- Excise tax on excess compensation
 - Pay > \$1M
- Worker classification
 - Employee vs. IC
- Scrutiny of hospitals continues
 - Enough benefit to warrant privilege of exemption?

State of the IRS

- Resource constraints
 - EOs not "taxpayers"
- Demographic challenges
 - Record number of retirements
- Reorganization (Taxpayer First Act \$80B)
 - Continued congressional debate
- Communication challenges
 - New ee's with limited knowledge
- Delays of six to nine months continue
- ▲ IRS database not updated—not accurate





Barb McGuan

bmcguan@berrydunn.com 207.541.2319 Joe Byrne

jbyrne@berrydunn.com 207.541.2385

